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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

THE WEATHER

Unsettled

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OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 13, 1915—TWELVE PAGES.

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FOUR INSTEAD OF TWO SLAIN IN SIAM, DECLARES WOMAN

Mrs. M. J. Pease of Des Moines Says Her Father Was Among Quartet Murdered by Counterfeiters' Gang.

TREASURE SHRINKS GREATLY

Reduced from Original \$90,000 to \$8,000 or \$10,000, According to Story.

GIVES DETAILS OF KILLING

DES MOINES, Ia., July 12.—Four men were killed by the counterfeiters' gang at Siam, Ia., in September, 1885, instead of two, according to the statement of Mrs. M. J. Pease of Des Moines, Ia., at the attorney general's office here today. Her father was among the four. The counterfeiters' son was not killed, but was returned to his home at Weston, Mo. The counterfeiters' name was William Hedrick, not Nathaniel Smith, as heretofore believed.

Mrs. Pease is the wife of a real estate dealer here and was about 5 years old when her father was killed.

Was Making Tour.

According to her story, her father was engaged in the horse breeding business and at the time of his murder he was taking his annual tour of Iowa and Missouri. According to the woman's story, three other men, named Collins, Cole and Harmon, also met death at the hands of the gang.

The \$90,000 alleged to have been in the possession of the murdered man divided into from \$8,000 to \$10,000 when Mrs. Pease told her story.

"My father had between \$5,000 and \$10,000 on his person," she said. "The other men had considerable money and between the four of them they must have had \$15,000."

"I was 8 years old at the time, and while I do not remember much that occurred at the time, I have a distinct recollection of some of the incidents that followed the murder of my father."

"We lived in Westboro, Mo., at the time. My mother, smaller than myself, ran away with my father and the other men and was with them at the time of the murder. It is not true that he was killed. For some reason members of the gang were fit to spare his life; he returned a few days later accompanied by a man."

Wore Father's Coat.

"The stranger who brought my brother home wore my father's coat. He led the way through the gate up to the front door."

"When mother answered his knock he held out a belt and said, 'Here's your boy.' The belt contained \$1,000 and a note which read, 'Take this and get out of the country.'"

"I have lost all trace of my brother. I have not heard from him in years and of course my mother has been dead for some years."

Mrs. Pease announced her willingness to be of all possible assistance to the state and declared that if any of her father's money has been found she will ask that it be returned over to her.

Not Same Case.

CLARINDA, Ia., July 12.—W. W. Bulman, special attorney assisting in the Bedford murder case, declared this afternoon that the murders referred by Mrs. M. J. Pease of Des Moines were not those upon which he is working, although they are believed to have been committed by the same gang. He said Hedrick and his companions were killed at about the same point three years prior to the time Nathaniel Smith and his son were killed. This, he said, was before Jonathan Dark joined the gang.

Attorney Bulman came here today with Mrs. Marie Collins Porter, the chief witness in the Bedford hearing tomorrow. He declared the cases of William Hedrick, father of Mrs. Pease, and Smith (Continued on Page Two, Column Five.)

HAPPY VAN WYCK SUES FOR DIVORCE

Daughter of Late Nebraska Senator Files Second Application for Decree.

FORMAL GROUNDS

Happy Theodor Van Wyck Benner, only child of late Charles Van Wyck, Nebraska senator from this state, filed this afternoon a petition for divorce from Fernando W. Benner of New York City, alleging nonsupport and cruelty.

Mrs. Benner is known here to many as Happy Van Wyck Benner. She started divorce proceedings during the fall of 1908, but that case was dismissed without prejudice, she paying the costs. In the former petition she alleged that after living together two years, her husband left her for a period of four years, when a reunion was made.

Mrs. Benner was born in Otter county, this state, on New Year's day and was nicknamed "Happy." She married Benner in New York City October 30, 1902. She has a son, 12 years of age.

She inherited the estate of her father, who was a pioneer of Otter county. In Omaha, Washington and New York she was at one time well known socially, and she has many acquaintances in this city.

She figured in a romance which had its denouement in Washington City before her marriage to Benner.

In the petition just filed Mrs. Benner states Nebraska is her present home. Her husband is said to be living in New York City at the present time.

Mrs. Benner is now in Omaha.

Copenhagen Depot For Feeding German Army, Says Carson

LONDON, July 12.—On behalf of the crown the attorney general, Sir Edward Carson, today asked the prize court to condemn the Norwegian steamers Alfred Nobel, Kim, Bjornstjerne Bjornson and the Swedish steamer Fridland, which have been detained for some time by the British authorities. The attorney general asserted these vessels had been carrying absolute and conditional contraband from America, intended for German consumption.

In opening the case Sir Edward said thirty-eight other vessels with similar cargoes had been captured. Copenhagen, he declared, had been virtually turned into a depot for feeding German troops. The cargoes in question consisted for the most part of farm produce, meat from the great American packing houses and lard, which is used extensively in Germany in place of butter. There were many cases of products used in the manufacture of German sausage. Altogether not less than \$2,750,000 pounds of meat and meat products were included in the cargoes.

On the Kim and Fridland were quantities of rubber, listed as gum.

Campbell Will Case Contestants Denied New Trial

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—The contestants of the \$100,000 will of the late James Campbell, traction magnate, were refused a new trial of the case in the circuit court here today. The suit, in which several nieces and nephews of Mr. Campbell tried to break his will, by charges that Louise Campbell, now Elsie Burkman, was not his child and that he was of unsound mind and unduly influenced, recently was won by the defendants, Mrs. Burkman and Mrs. Florence Campbell, widow of the financier.

The decision of Circuit Judge Kinney today follows: "At the suggestion of counsel for the defendants, the so-called brief filed by the attorney for the plaintiffs, June 18, 1915, is stricken from the records on the ground that therein are used expressions most insolent and insulting toward the court and the opposing counsel."

Nebraska Merchant Wedded at Denver

DENVER, Colo., July 12.—(Special Telegram.)—B. E. Gillespie, of Lincoln and Isabel M. Coons of this city were married here today. The ceremony was performed by Right Rev. John Davis of Hannibal, Mo., an uncle of the bride. Both the bride and groom were graduates of the University of Nebraska. She is a member of the Alpha Beta sorority and the groom belongs to the Beta Theta Phi fraternity, where he is engaged in business.

Among the Nebraskans attending the wedding were Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Coons, Mrs. Sam Watt and Miss Lenore Fitzgerald, all of Omaha; Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Gillespie, Republican City, and Miss Eva McNamara of Nebraska City.

Tom Allen to Become District Attorney

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, July 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Tom Allen, brother-in-law to W. J. Bryan, will be the new United States district attorney for Nebraska, according to information given out tonight, which is considered reliable, although not official. Mr. Allen will neither deny or affirm the rumor, when asked about it, but it is said the appointment will be made.

TEN CARS ON FAST TRAIN DITCHED; NO ONE INJURED

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., July 12.—One of the ten cars of train No. 8, Southwest Limited, on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, left the track because of a washout at Chula, near here, early today. No one was injured. None of the cars was overturned.

HOUSE-TO-HOUSE FIGHTING AT NEUVILLE a feature of the war on the western front.



HOLE IN DUNDEE STRONGBOX GROWS

Property of Treasurer Transferred to His Wife on the Day of the Merger.

NO WORD FROM WESTERFIELD

Although nothing further has been heard from Dundee's missing treasurer, Ellery H. Westerfield, and the comptroller's clerks, who are checking the books, refuse to talk except to say that the accounts have been correctly kept, report has it that the discrepancy between the books and the cash is growing and that instead of \$15,000 nearly twice that sum will have to be forthcoming, in addition to the amounts on deposit in the banks.

When questioned, City Commissioner Butler, who is in charge of the checking, declared his department had been unable to secure the records of the treasurer of Dundee prior to 1911. He also declared he is not ready to make report on the case.

Deed Filed on Date of Merger. According to the register of deeds' office, Ellery H. Westerfield on February 11, 1910, transferred to his wife lots 10 and 11, block 24, Carthage addition, which description is the site of the Westerfield home. On June 10, the very same day that Governor Morehead signed the merger proclamation, Mr. Westerfield went to the court house and had the deed registered in the name of Elizabeth O. Westerfield, his wife.

The deed, after being registered, were mailed back to Mr. Westerfield's office, so the records show.

It is noted that the transfer, though made in 1910, was not recorded until five and one-half years after the deeds were issued.

On the application for the bond of \$1,000 furnished by Mr. Westerfield to the village of Dundee his home is valued at \$5,000. There is a mortgage of \$1,000 against the property.

Mr. Westerfield owns lot 19, block 1, Creighton Park addition.

Dr. Flint, Alienist, Says Thinks Harry Thaw Insane Now

NEW YORK, July 12.—At the afternoon session of the Thaw trial, Dr. Austin Flint, an alienist, told of the many times he had seen Thaw since 1906. He said he had observed Thaw's appearance during the various times he has been in court and that he had paid particular attention to his manner, actions and demeanor on the witness stand during the present proceedings.

"From what you have seen and heard have you been able to reach an opinion as to his sanity?" Dr. Flint was asked.

"I have," replied the alienist, "I think he is insane."

In reply to a question as to what he believed was the character of Thaw's "mental troubles" the witness said that he had "paranoia or constitutional inferiority, with a paranoid trend."

EMPEROR WILLIAM HAS ANOTHER GRANDSON

LONDON, July 12.—The correspondent at Amsterdam of the Central News transmits a Berlin dispatch announcing the birth of a son to the wife of Prince Oscar, first son of Emperor William. The prince was married last August to Countess Basewitz-Loveston.

BOMBARDMENT OF GUAYMAS LIMITED

Protest of Admiral Howard Against Indiscriminate Firing on City is Effective.

ESTABLISH BLOCKADE OF PORT

GUAYMAS, Mexico, July 11.—(By Radio to San Diego, Cal., July 12.)—A general bombardment of Guaymas by the Carranza gunboat Guerrero, planned for Monday, has been prevented. After a strong protest by Admiral Thomas B. Howard of the United States cruiser Colorado, and foreign consuls, the Guerrero commander agreed to fire only upon Southern Pacific trains entering or leaving and the Mexican steamer Bonita, anchored in the inner harbor. The commanding officer of the Guerrero said the train and the steamer Bonita would be fired upon because they have been used by the enemy in the transportation of troops. He agreed not to open fire upon any other part of the city. Many foreigners and foreign property would have been endangered by a bombardment.

The plan for the general bombardment was only prevented after Admiral Howard and the French, German and British consuls called upon the Carranza commander on the Guerrero and (Continued on Page Two, Column One.)

The Day's War News

HEAVY FIGHTING in several sectors of the front in France has resulted in a change of ground at one important point, where the Germans won a victory. They captured the cemetery at Souchez, possession of which has long been contested.

GERMAN HEADQUARTERS reports a surprise attack near Aitkirsch, in Alsace, resulting in the capture of a French position along a 500-yard front. The capture ultimately retired voluntarily to their old line of trenches, the official statement says, taking some prisoners with them.

GERMAN ATTACKS which followed violent cannonading in the Woerre region were repulsed, Paris reports.

TEUTONIC AND RUSSIAN armies are in apparent deadlock south of Lublin, where the northward sweep of the Austro-Germans was halted last week. Petrograd reports continued fighting along the front extending from Jozefow, on the Vistula, to Bykhava, approximately fifty miles to the eastward. The Austrians have again become aggressive here, according to the Russian statement, but their attacks were repulsed.

SEVERAL SUCCESSES along the Austro-Italian front are reported by Italian army headquarters in the districts where the Italian forces are engaged in an effort to clear the road to Trieste. Counter attacks by the Austrians in the Isonzo valley have been repulsed, it is declared.

TURKISH WAR OFFICE records the bombardment of Gaba Tepe, near the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, by a cruiser, presumably English.

STOP OFF IN OMAHA
THE GATE-CITY-OF-THE-WEST
All the delegates to the big W. O. W. convention at St. Paul have stopped off in Omaha. And now they know why Omaha points with pride to the handsome W. O. W. building that houses their home offices.

NOTE TO KAISER TO MEET SITUATION WITH FIRMNESS

Relations Are So Strained That Answer Will Require Lengthy and Deliberate Consideration.

WILSON AND LANSING BUSY

President and Secretary Preparing Separate Memoranda for Draft of the Reply.

IT MAY CONTAIN ALTERNATIVE

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The situation between Germany and the United States has taken on such a serious and critical character that the policy of the American government will require lengthy and deliberate consideration, that it may have the firmness which the circumstances require.

This was the statement made today in high official quarters. Secretary Lansing, after taking several days to examine the German reply, may not go to Cornish, N. H., after all, to confer with President Wilson. The original plan, it was explained, was for the president and Mr. Lansing to confer and then, have the secretary of state draft a note to be submitted to the cabinet on the president's return to Washington. Now the belief is that the president and Mr. Lansing, working independently, will prepare memoranda and confer after their ideas have matured.

Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has asked Secretary Lansing if he wished to see him, and the secretary is understood to have replied that he does not have carefully examined the situation. The ambassador is seeking information on the attitude of the American government toward the German reply. After Mr. Lansing has consulted President Wilson it is not unlikely that some intimation will be given to the German ambassador of the seriousness with which the United States government regards the crisis.

Secretary Lansing has begun work on (Continued on Page Two, Column Two.)

Boxcar Excursions Proposed for Moving Men During Harvest

WASHINGTON, July 12.—Secretary Wilson today had under consideration plans for further co-operation of the federal labor authorities and the industrial departments of the various states outlined in a conference with Commissioner Cammett and J. T. Fitzpatrick, secretary of the Association of Government Labor Officials.

The plan which had for their purpose the promotion of the efficiency of state labor laws and which dealt chiefly with the unemployment question, will be discussed at the congress of the state commissioners in San Francisco August 2. Secretary Wilson and other members of his department are planning to attend.

One of the most important questions concerning the means of securing work for the unemployed was the matter of transportation of seasonal laborers. Steps will be taken to coordinate the harvest season in the west.

Another scheme for relieving the unemployment situation provides for "box car excursions" when the railroads are sending empty trains westward for grain. These excursions would make cheap transportation possible when the working man can find a ready market for his labor on the farms.

The opening of federal lands or the buying in of idle districts under bond issue to further a "back to the soil" movement also has been considered by the department in Washington.

The creation of an inter-related labor exchange between the states which will secure the necessary co-operation for efficient transportation of labor is also under consideration.

Armenian and Greek People in Turkey Are in Great Peril

LONDON, July 12.—The peril of the Christian population in Turkey is discussed by the morning Post Athens correspondence on information derived from Americans occurring in different parts of Turkey.

"Christians have never been in such peril," says the correspondent, "particularly Armenians and Greeks, who are being systematically uprooted from their homes and driven into distant provinces, where they are scattered in small groups among Turkish villages. For example, 50,000 have been evicted from the Dardanelles district; 15,000 from the Prinkipo Island (one of the prince's group on the Sea of Marmora); 10,000 from Ispahan province in Asia Minor, and 6,000 from Bursa."

The correspondent adds that the able-bodied men are drafted into the army and their families broken up and that the representatives of the foreign powers have been unable to interfere because all steps have been taken on the plea of military necessity.

Death Sentence of Bulger is Affirmed

DENVER, July 12.—The Colorado supreme court today affirmed the death sentence of Colonel James C. Bulger, soldier of fortune, convicted of the murder of Lloyd L. Nieldemas, a Denver hotel manager, in Denver, May 17, 1914. Bulger is sentenced to be hanged in the week beginning October 8.

GENERAL OROZCO FORFEITS HIS BOND

Alleged Co-Conspirator of General Huerta Fails to Appear When Case is Called.

THREE OTHERS WAIVE HEARING

EL PASO, Tex., July 12.—The neutrality cases based on charges filed by United States officials in El Paso, and growing out of the arrest of General Victoriano Huerta and five others, were deferred today to the federal grand jury for action October 4. General Pascual Orozco now is a fugitive from justice under a United States information charging conspiracy to launch a new revolutionary movement in Mexico. His bond of \$7,500 was declared forfeited today when he failed to appear before George B. Oliver, United States commissioner, for preliminary hearing.

General Marcelo Caraveo, Jose E. Zozaya, Frank and Ike Alderete, defendants, waived preliminary examination and were held to the federal grand jury under reduced bonds. General Caraveo was placed under \$2,500 bond and the three other defendants under \$4,000 bond each. Barring the possibility of additional arrests for the alleged conspiracy today's action disposes of all the El Paso charges until the federal grand jury convenes in October.

New bonds were furnished by Joseph F. Zozaya, F. Armendariz, Ike, Frank and Benigno Alderete.

Courts Too Full.

Rumors that Orozco would appear were current in El Paso until just before the case was called. As a result the court room was filled. A few Americans were noticed among the Mexican spectators. No women were in the court room in contrast to the scene attending the arrest of Huerta July 1. Among the spectators were General Ignacio Bravo and Eduardo Caus, under bond in similar cases brought by San Antonio officials.

The agreement to waive preliminary hearing was reached at a conference attended by Commissioner Oliver, R. F. Crawford, assistant United States district attorney and counsel for the defendants, held just before the hour set for hearing.

American Reported Kidnaped. It was reported to federal authorities today that Castulo Padilla, an American citizen, had been kidnaped by Mexicans and is being held a prisoner somewhere in Juarez. An investigation is being made. Three Mexicans and two Americans in an automobile are said to have appeared at Padilla's farm near the international boundary line Friday night, handcuffed him, and forcing him into the car, carried him into Mexico. Padilla is an old man who has lived on his farm forty years.

General Tomas Ornelas, commander of the garrison in Juarez, denied that Padilla was a prisoner in Juarez. He refused to know nothing regarding the alleged kidnaping.

Famine in Capital Relieved. WASHINGTON, July 12.—Brief dispatches reached the State department from Mexico City, dated before the occupation of the capital by Carranza forces, describing food conditions as almost intolerable, but officials believed the situation either had been relieved already by the change of authority or would be remedied as soon as transportation with Vera Cruz was resumed.

State department officials, when asked today whether the occupation of Mexico City by Carranza would affect the question of recognition, declared no definite consideration had been given to the subject. They said, however, that it always seemed more favorable for recognition when the party in the conflict becomes dominant. The American government has been waiting for many months for one of the factions to get military supremacy and set up a provisional government giving promise of stability. The United States now will watch carefully the attitude and policy of the Carranza authorities in Mexico City, but there will be no decision it is believed for some time as to any change of policy on account of the pressing nature of the German situation.

Heretofore, possession of Mexico City has not been regarded of much importance by officials, because of the frequent changes in authority, but there are now indications that if General Carranza can better his position by further acquisition of territory north of the capital and reopen communication with the American border, his chances of obtaining the moral support of the United States will materially improve.

Body of Archbishop Taken to Chicago On Special Train

ROCHESTER, N. Y., July 12.—Funeral services for the Most Rev. James Edward Quigley, Catholic archbishop of Chicago, who died in this city Saturday, were held today in St. Patrick's cathedral, where a pontifical mass of requiem was celebrated by Bishop Thomas F. Hickey of Rochester.

A delegation of 100 priests and a number of laymen from Chicago attended, as well as priests from Buffalo, eastern dioceses and from Canada, members of sisterhoods and delegations from various Catholic societies.

Abolition was read over the body by four visiting bishops and Bishop Hickey. The body was to be taken to Chicago this afternoon on a special train of ten cars and accompanied by Bishop Hickey and clergy and a special guard.

THOMPSON OWNS MANY MILES OF COAL LAND

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 12.—Joseph V. Thompson, whose affairs were placed in the hands of receivers when the First National bank of Uniontown, of which he was president, was closed last January, owned 14,415 acres of coal land, valued at \$6,377,380, according to the report of the appraisers filed in court here today. Mr. Thompson said the total value of the estate would not be announced for several days.

ITALIANS MAKE FURTHER MOVE TOWARD TRIESTE

Reports from Rome Say Substantial Progress Has Been Made in Effort to Invest the Austrian Seaport.

RUSSIANS ARE ALSO GAINING

Austrians Said to Have Lost Entire Corps Which Began Advance on Lublin.

HEAVY FIGHTING NEAR SOUCHEZ

LONDON, July 12.—Comparative calm exists in the various fighting areas with the exception of the Austro-Italian front, where the Italians claim a substantial advance in their efforts to invest Trieste. Petrograd is elated at the Russian success over the Austrians, who are said to have lost one of the three corps which began the advance against Lublin. The entire allies are reminded, however, that this is only a local triumph on forty miles of a thousand-mile front.

Austrian operations against the Warsaw railroads have been checked, if not thwarted, which means that the threatened advance on Warsaw is a little less dangerous than when the Austro-German attack began.

A dispatch from Austrian headquarters in Galicia explains the apparent lull in the Austro-German advance by asserting that the Teutonic allies fixed Lemberg as the objective of the present campaign with the idea of establishing themselves in strong defensive positions to the northward in order to use part of their troops elsewhere. It is claimed that this has been accomplished by establishing lines along the rivers Bug and Zlota Lipa and the Krasnik ridge. It is further explained that the Austrians proceeded beyond Krasnik, but encountering unexpected opposition, retired on the positions originally selected, where they have resisted all further Russian attacks.

Lemberg Goal of Campaign. AUSTRIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN GALICIA, July 12.—Via London, July 12.—The relative subsidence of activity on the part of the Teutonic allies during the last week may be explained by the fact that the goal set for the Lemberg campaign has already been attained. This was the recapture of the city and the securing of strong defensive positions along the line of the Zlota Lipa and Bug rivers and the ridge to the northward of Krasnik.

The Russians attempted a counter offensive from Lublin against the Austro-German positions north of Krasnik, bringing up heavy reinforcements for this purpose. Owing to this movement, the Austrian troops, which had rushed beyond the positions originally selected, withdrew to the ridge, where they have been successfully resisting all Russian attacks. They feel secure in their present positions and it is believed here they can be easily held against whatever forces Russia can throw against them.

Indications now point to a period of quiet along the Russo-Galician front, while the Teutonic allies are preparing for operations in other quarters.

French Official Report.

PARIS, July 12.—The French war department today issued the following statement:

"There was great activity during the night upon various portions of the front. In the sector of Arras the enemy, after having launched a large number of gas projectiles attempted toward midnight to the south of Souchez an attack which failed. A second attack about 2 a. m. permitted him to occupy the cemetery and some sections of the trenches immediately adjacent."

"A very desperate battle with hand grenades took place in the closely situated trenches to the southeast of Neuville-St. Vaast without appreciable gain on either side."

"Upon the plateau to the north of Oise (region of Queenneverres and De Nouvron) the bombardment on both sides was particularly violent."

"In the Argonne there was fighting (Continued on Page Four, Column Three.)

The Weather

Forecast till 9 p. m. Tuesday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and vicinity—Unsettled, not much change in temperature.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Hour.	Temp.
5 a. m.	67
6 a. m.	68
7 a. m.	69
8 a. m.	70
9 a. m.	71
10 a. m.	72
11 a. m.	73
12 m.	74
1 p. m.	75
2 p. m.	76
3 p. m.	77
4 p. m.	78
5 p. m.	79
6 p. m.	80
7 p. m.	81
8 p. m.	82
9 p. m.	83

Comparative Local Record.

Lowest today	64	80	61	73
Mean temperature	76	80	75	80
Precipitation	2.34	.09	.00	.02

Temperature and precipitation depart

Temperature and precipitation departures from the normal at Omaha since March 1, and compared with the past two years.

Normal temperature	77
Deficiency for the day	1
Total deficiency since March 1	14
Normal precipitation	14.14
Excess for the day	2.20
Precipitation since March 1	11.94
Deficiency since March 1	1.28
Deficiency for cor. period, 1914	1.21
Deficiency for cor. period, 1913	1.43
ds. v.	0.07

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

of Weather.	7 p. m.	est.	fall.
Cheyenne, part cloudy.	76	84	0
Davenport, clear	81	86	0
Denver, clear	90	94	0
Des Moines, clear	82	86	0
North Platte, part, cldy.	84	88	0
Omaha, clear	85	88	2
Rapid City, cloudy	80	84	0
Sheridan, clear	82	84	0
Sioux City, clear	84	86	0
Valentine, clear	84	86	0

J. A. WELSH,
Gen'l. Sec'y.